

Adding captions manually

If you save as or export to other formats, you may find that captions applied as described above (either automatically or using the Caption dialog) are lost during the export.

To avoid export problems, or as another way to put captions above images or below them (the usual case), you can add a caption manually, in either of two ways:

- Place the image and its caption in separate paragraphs.
- Use a table.

Place the image and its caption in separate paragraphs

Insert the image and anchor it to its paragraph as a character. Press *Enter* to create a new paragraph for the caption.

- 1) In the caption paragraph, type, for example, *Figure* and add a space.
- 2) To insert the figure number automatically, click **Insert > Field > More Fields** (*Ctrl+F2*) and select the *Variables* tab.
- 3) Select **Number range** in the *Type* list. Select **Figure** in the *Select* list and choose (for example) Arabic (1 2 3) in the *Format* drop-down list. Click the **Insert** button.
- 4) A number will appear after the word “Figure” in the caption. Now, type the text of the caption.



Tip

If you are manually adding captions to a lot of figures using this method, you might want to make an AutoText entry containing, for example, Figure and a space, the figure-number field, and an optional separator and a space after it.

To ensure the image and its caption stay together on the page, create a new paragraph style, for example Figure. If the image is going above the caption, define the text flow of the Figure paragraph style as **Keep with next paragraph** and the next style as Caption. Conversely, if the caption is going above, define the Caption paragraph style as **Keep with next paragraph** and the next style as Figure.

Use a table

Create a one-column, two-row table. Place the image in one row and type the caption in the other row—or use two or more rows for the caption and other text. This method can be especially useful for images with numbered legends, such as Figure 253 on page 241.

Modifying images

When you insert a new image, you may need to modify it to suit the document. The placement of the image relative to the text is discussed in “Positioning images within the text” on page 226. This section describes the use of the Image toolbar, resizing, cropping, and rotating an image.

Writer provides many tools for working with images. These tools are sufficient for most people’s everyday requirements. However, for professional results it is generally better to use an image manipulation program such as GIMP to modify images (for example, to crop, resize, rotate, and change color values) and then insert the result into Writer.